



# City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT  
DISTRICT**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT  
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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governing Board,  
City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District:

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District (the CRA), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the CRA as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the CRA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

The CRA's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2024, on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Daytona Beach, Florida  
March 6, 2024

*James Moore & Co., P.L.*

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District's (the CRA) management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the CRA's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the CRA's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the CRA's financial statements which follow this section.

### ***Financial Highlights***

- The assets of the CRA exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2023, by \$2,441,569 (net position). Of this amount, the entire balance was restricted for redevelopment purposes.
- As of September 30, 2023, the CRA's reported ending fund balances of \$2,441,569. Fund balance saw a change of \$1,080,498 when compared to the prior year.

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

### ***Overview of the Financial Statements***

This annual report consists of four components: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) government-wide and fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information.

### ***Government-wide Financial Statements***

Government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The governmental activities of the CRA include reinvesting within the community redevelopment district.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the CRA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the financial position of the CRA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting.

### ***Notes to the Financial Statements***

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## ***Government-wide Financial Analysis***

### *Statement of Net Position*

The following is a summary of the CRA's governmental activities net position for each of the past two years:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current and other assets	\$ 3,169,053	\$ 2,129,356
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,169,053</u>	<u>\$ 2,129,356</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current liabilities	\$ 20,605	\$ 3,606
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 20,605</u>	<u>\$ 3,606</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS</b>	<u>\$ 706,879</u>	<u>\$ 764,679</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>		
Restricted	\$ 2,441,569	\$ 1,361,071
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,441,569</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,071</u>

The most notable change between the two years was a significant increase in current assets, specifically cash and cash equivalents.

### *Statement of Activities*

The following is a summary of the changes in the CRA's governmental activities net position for each of the past two years:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>		
Property taxes	\$ 599,264	\$ 528,728
Charges for services	66,315	62,575
Other revenues	136,632	51,872
Total revenues	<u>802,211</u>	<u>643,175</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Community redevelopment	367,899	293,539
Capital outlay	15,380	219,690
Total expenses	<u>383,279</u>	<u>513,229</u>
Net change before transfers	418,932	129,946
Transfer of debt proceeds	700,000	-
Transfers to primary government	(38,434)	(41,394)
Change in net position	1,080,498	88,552
<b>Net position, beginning of year</b>	1,361,071	1,272,519
<b>Net position, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 2,441,569</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,071</u>

### ***Financial Analysis of the General Fund***

The focus of the CRA's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CRA's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the CRA's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$2,441,569, a change of \$1,080,498, in comparison with the prior year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the entire fund balance was restricted for community redevelopment. As the CRA is focused on reinvestment revenues into the CRA district and does not have significant annual operational costs, the CRA does not maintain specific reserve levels for operations.

### ***General Fund Budgetary Highlights***

Significant variations between original and final budget expenditure amounts were mainly due to carryover of capital projects from the previous year.

Actual expenditures in the general fund were \$2,154,152 less than final budget amounts. The main reason for this is due to the timing of capital projects and other one-time expenditures.

Budgetary comparisons between the final budget and actual results can be found on page 15 of this report.

### ***Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget***

There are many challenges facing local governments today. Property values have continued to increase in recent years, contributing to related growth in the revenues of the CRA. While property values for the subsequent fiscal year have increased, the future outlook of property values, and any potential impact they will have on the CRA's finances, are unknown.

### ***Requests for Information***

This report is designed to provide an overview of the CRA's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report, or requests for additional information, should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of DeLand, Florida, 120 S. Florida Avenue, DeLand, FL 32720.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT  
BALANCE SHEET / STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

	<u>Balance Sheet</u> <u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of</u> <u>Net Position</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,411,735	\$ -	\$ 2,411,735
Receivables, net	332	-	332
Due from other governments	2,491	-	2,491
Leases receivable	754,495	-	754,495
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,169,053</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,169,053</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 20,605	\$ -	\$ 20,605
Total liabilities	<u>20,605</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,605</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Related to leases	<u>706,879</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>706,879</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION</b>			
Fund Balance:			
Restricted for:			
Community redevelopment	2,441,569	(2,441,569)	-
Net Position:			
Restricted for:			
Community redevelopment	<u>-</u>	<u>2,441,569</u>	<u>2,441,569</u>
Total fund balance / net position	<u>2,441,569</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,441,569</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance / net position	<u>\$ 3,169,053</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,169,053</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ,  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

	<b>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance</b>		<b>Statement of Activities</b>
	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Adjustments</b>	<b>Governmental Activities</b>
<b>Revenues</b>			
Taxes	\$ 599,264	\$ -	\$ 599,264
Charges for services	66,315	-	66,315
Investment income (loss)	95,146	-	95,146
Miscellaneous	41,486	-	41,486
Total revenues	<u>802,211</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>802,211</u>
<b>Expenditures / expenses</b>			
Current:			
Community redevelopment	367,899	-	367,899
Capital outlay	15,380	-	15,380
Total expenditures / expenses	<u>383,279</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>383,279</u>
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over     expenditures / operating income (loss)</b>	<u>418,932</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>418,932</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>			
Transfers out to primary government	(38,434)	-	(38,434)
Debt proceeds	700,000	-	700,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>661,566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>661,566</u>
<b>Net change in fund balance / net position</b>	<u>1,080,498</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,080,498</u>
<b>Fund balance / net position, beginning of year</b>	1,361,071	-	1,361,071
<b>Fund balance / net position, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 2,441,569</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,441,569</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District (the CRA), have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and the CRA has adopted the GASB Codification. The following is a summary of the CRA's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District was created in 1984 by City Resolution 1984-13 of the City of DeLand, Florida (the City), pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, to account for the receipt and expenditure of property tax revenues from the tax increment financing district to support redevelopment in the designated community redevelopment area. Since the City is financially accountable for the activities of the CRA, its governing board is the same, and its relationship to the CRA is significant, the CRA is considered to be a blended component unit in the City's financial statements, where it is also reported as a major special revenue fund.

The CRA has determined there are no component units that meet criteria for inclusion in the CRA's financial statements.

(b) **Government-wide and fund financial statements**—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the CRA. The CRA only has governmental activities and does not engage in any business-type activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. General revenues include ad valorem taxes and interest income. Fund financial statements are presented for the CRA's General Fund. The General Fund, which accounts for all financial operations of the CRA, is considered to be a major fund and is the only fund of the CRA.

(c) **Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation**—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the CRA considers property revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Grants, other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to long-term agreements are recorded only when payment is due.

(d) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—The governing board of the CRA adopts an annual operating budget, which is prepared on a modified accrual basis and can be amended by the board throughout the year. At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted amounts. The accompanying budgeted financial statements for the General Fund reflect the final budget authorization amounts, including all amendments.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

(e) **Deposits and investments**—The CRA’s cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

(f) **Receivables and payables**—Activity between the CRA and the City has been classified as amount due to/from the primary government on the balance sheet and statement of net position. All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of outstanding balances and historical trends. At September 30, 2023, all of the CRA’s receivables were considered fully collectible.

(g) **Leases receivable**—When engaged in long-term leasing activity as the lessor, the CRA recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the CRA initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the CRA determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.
- The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

(h) **Prepaid items**—When present, certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

(i) **Capital assets**—The CRA does not own any capital assets. Any capital outlay expenditures made by the CRA are deemed to be on behalf of the City who takes ownership of the assets along with the perpetual maintenance obligation for those assets.

(j) **Long-term obligations**—The CRA does not have any legal indebtedness. Any use of funds for debt service represents payments toward long-term debt issued in the name of the City for which CRA revenues have been pledged.

The CRA does not have any employees. Any employees who provide services to the CRA are employees of the primary government and do so at either no charge to the CRA, or any allocations made to the CRA represent reimbursements by the CRA to the primary government for services rendered (any items recorded to personnel expense accounts are only for ease of tracking the reimbursement amounts). As a result, there is no compensated absences, other post-employment benefits (OPEB), or pension liabilities recorded on the CRA’s financial statements.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

(k) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the CRA is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* – amounts not available to be spent or not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaid items.

*Restricted* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

*Committed* – amounts constrained to specific purposes based on actions taken by the CRA governing board through ordinance.

*Assigned* – amounts the CRA intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the CRA governing board or by an official or body which the Board delegates authority.

*Unassigned* – amounts that are available for any purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available; the CRA considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the CRA considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally, unassigned funds, as needed.

(l) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The CRA has no items that meet this reporting criteria.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The CRA has one type of deferred inflows: deferred inflows related to leases.

(m) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the CRA will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the CRA's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

(n) **Use of estimates**—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

(o) **New accounting pronouncements**—GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (the Statement), which provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments) was implemented in 2023 with no impact on the CRA.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

(2) **Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:**

(a) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position**—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The CRA has no items reported differently between these two statements.

(b) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities**—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The CRA has no items reported differently between these two statements.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:**

The CRA is subject to the investment policy of the primary government and maintains interest-bearing banking accounts for substantially all CRA funds. Additional accounts are held for various other purposes, or to segregate cash balances for amounts which are restricted or held on behalf of others. State statutes authorize the CRA to invest excess funds in time deposits, or obligations of the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States Government, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and/or the State Board of Administration (SBA) Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool or other investment vehicles authorized by local ordinance.

As of September 30, 2023, all CRA deposits were covered by private bank acquired insurance, Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insurance, private broker/dealer acquired insurance, Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act). The Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified depository must pledge at least 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to 125% may be required if deemed necessary.

All of the CRA's deposits are held with public depositories and as of September 30, 2023, the CRA's deposits and investments were not subject to any substantial interest rate, credit, or concentration risks.

(4) **Commitments and Contingencies:**

The CRA is engaged in various liability claims incidental to the conduct of its general government operations at September 30, 2023. The outcomes of established claims are included in these financial statements. In the opinion of the CRA and the primary government's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending or threatened against the CRA which are not covered by applicable insurance which would inhibit its ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

The CRA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by limited risk, high deductible commercial general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

**(5) Leases Receivable:**

The CRA has two ongoing lease agreements with third parties related to rentals of building space. A summary of the CRA’s activity surrounding leases receivable as of and for the year ending September 30, 2023, is as follows:

	<u>Downtown CRA</u>
Lease Revenue	\$ 57,801
Interest Revenue	30,493
Lease Receivable	754,495
Deferred Inflows	706,879

**(6) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the CRA’s financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, in June 2022. GASB 102 requires governments to disclose essential information about risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The provisions for GASB 102 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CITY OF DELAND DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenues</b>				
Taxes	\$ 607,480	\$ 607,480	\$ 599,264	\$ (8,216)
Charges for services	58,105	58,105	66,315	8,210
Investment income (loss)	-	-	95,146	95,146
Miscellaneous	44,604	44,604	41,486	(3,118)
Total revenues	710,189	710,189	802,211	92,022
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Community redevelopment	575,341	580,341	367,899	212,442
Capital outlay	716,509	1,957,089	15,380	1,941,709
Total expenditures	1,291,850	2,537,430	383,279	2,154,151
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures</b>	(581,661)	(1,827,241)	418,932	2,246,173
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>				
Transfers out to primary government	(125,639)	(125,679)	(38,434)	87,245
Debt proceeds	707,300	707,300	700,000	(7,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	581,661	581,621	661,566	79,945
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	-	(1,245,620)	1,080,498	2,326,118
<b>Fund balances, beginning of year</b>	1,361,071	1,361,071	1,361,071	-
<b>Fund balances, end of year</b>	\$ 1,361,071	\$ 115,451	\$ 2,441,569	\$ 2,326,118

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL  
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT  
AUDITING STANDARDS***

To the Governing Board,  
City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District (the CRA), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2024.

***Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the CRA's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

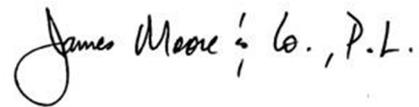
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### ***Report on Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James Moore & Co., P.L." The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial 'J'.

Daytona Beach, Florida  
March 6, 2024



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED  
BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA  
OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

To the Governing Board,  
City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District:

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District (the CRA), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2024.

**Auditors' Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

**Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 6, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

**Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations identified in the prior year audit.

**Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the CRA is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

## **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations.

## **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

## **Specific Special District Information – City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District**

The following items have been provided to us to comply with state reporting requirements and have not been audited by us. We did not audit the following information within this section, nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or the completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on this data.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District reported the following unaudited data:

- a) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year: -0-
- b) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year: -0-.
- c) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$-0-
- d) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$-0-.
- e) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as:
  - a. One project totaling \$15,380.

f) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as follows: the district's original budget totaled \$1,417,489 and was amended by the total amount of \$1,245,620, for final budgeted expenditures of \$2,663,109.

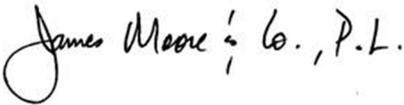
**Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

**Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the CRA's governing board and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Daytona Beach, Florida  
March 6, 2024



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Governing Board,  
City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District:

We have examined the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District's (the CRA) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, and Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes, *Redevelopment Trust Fund* (collectively, the "Statutes"), for the year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluation the CRA's policies against the statutes, to determine the CRA's compliance and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied with the Statutes, for the year ended September 30, 2023, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the CRA's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the CRA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the City of DeLand Downtown Tax Increment District complied with the Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2023, in all material respects.

Daytona Beach, Florida  
March 6, 2024

